# Packet 12: Percent

Dear Parents/Guardians,

In Packet 12, students explore real world problems involving percent. Students use different strategies and representations to solve percent problems, including arithmetic and mental strategies, tape diagrams, tables, proportions and equations. Students learn about simple interest and solve problems involving interests and loans (see videos for additional support).

# Percent of a Number

A <u>percent of a number</u> is the product of the percent (expressed as a quantity out of 100) and the number.

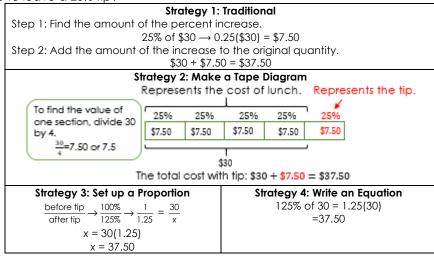
Example: Find 40% of 25.

$$\frac{10}{20} \times 25 = \frac{2}{5} \times 25 = 10$$

In grade 6, students learned how to find the percent of a number using strategies such as double number lines, chunking, equivalent fractions, and equations. See Resource Guide, Part 2, pages 32-34 for more information.

### Percent Increase

Percent increases occur often as tips, taxes, and price mark-ups. Example: Jake's lunch bill was \$30. What would his total amount be if he would like to leave a 25% tip?



By the end of the packet, your student should know...

How to find percent increases and decreases Lessons 12.1 and 12.3

How to solve problems involving simple interest Lesson 12.2

How to solve percent problems involving tax, tip, discount, and commissions Lessons 12.1 and 12.3

# Additional Resources

Resource Guide (RG) Part 2, pages 32-39

# Simple Interest: http://youtu.be/m\_KU1TA1BHk http://youtu.be/RzgpUZOpE9M

#### Percent Decrease

Percent decreases occur often as discounts or markdowns. Example: A dress costs \$30. How much would you pay if it is 25% off?

